

Application to Grant a Premises Licence in respect of Gemfest 2024 – Licensing Act 2003

Meeting: Licensing sub-committee

Meeting date: Friday 7 June at 10:30 a.m.

Report by: Senior Licensing Technical Officer

Classification

Open

Decision type

This is not an executive decision

Wards affected

Walford – Kerne Bridge

Purpose

To consider an application for a grant of an occasional premises licence in respect of Gemfest 2024, "Farmland opposite", Great Howle Farm, Howle Hill, Ross-on-Wye. HR9 5SL under the Licensing Act 2003.

Recommendation(s)

That:

The sub committee determine the application with a view to promoting the licensing objectives in the overall interests of the local community. They should give appropriate weight to:

- a) The steps that are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives,**
- b) The representations (including supporting information) presented by all parties,**
- c) The guidance issued to local authorities under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003, and**
- d) The Herefordshire Council Statement of Licensing Policy 2020 – 2025.**

Reasons for Recommendations

Ensures compliance with the Licensing Act 2003

Alternative options

1. There are a number of options open to the sub-committee:
 - a) Grant the licence subject to conditions that are consistent with the operating schedule accompanying the application and the mandatory conditions set out in the Licensing Act 2003,
 - b) Grant the licence subject to modified conditions to that of the operating schedule where the sub-committee considers it appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and add mandatory conditions set out in the Licensing Act 2003,
 - c) To exclude from the scope of the licence any of the licensable activities to which the application relates
 - d) To refuse to specify a person in the licence as the premise supervisor, or
 - e) To refuse the application

Key considerations

Licence Application

2. The application for the grant of an occasional premises licence has received relevant representations and is therefore brought before the sub-committee for determination.
3. Herefordshire Council Statement of Licensing Policy 2020 to 2025 states “All representation must be ‘relevant’ in that the representation relates to one or more of the licensing objectives, for example they must be about the likely effect of the grant of the application”. This followed paragraph 8.13 in the s182 Guidance which uses the same wording.
4. The details of the application are:

Applicant	Gemfestival Ltd	
Agent	Not applicable	
Type of application: Grant	Date received: 12 April 2024 28 day consultation started: 13 April 2024	28 Days consultation ended: 10 May 2024

Summary of Application

The application can be found at Appendix 1 and states:

Occasional Premises Licence for one event on 14 June 2024 to 16 June 2024 Only

Recorded Music (Outdoors), Sale/Supply of Alcohol (consumption on the premises)

Friday 14:00 – 03:00

Saturday 12:00 – 03:00

Late Night Refreshment (Outdoors)

Friday & Saturday – 23:00 – 03:00

Summary of Representations

5. One (1) representation offering conditions was received from Herefordshire Council Trading Standards who act as a responsible authority. The conditions were agreed with the applicant (appendix 2). No further representations from the responsible authorities (which include West Mercia Police and Environmental Protection – who deal with noise nuisance) were received.
6. 15 relevant representation have been received from members of the public that the licensing authority have accepted as being relevant. These can be found at Appendix 3.
7. A number of relevant public representations contained information that was not relevant eg: increased traffic, wildlife issues and Scheduled Monument in the area 'Great Howle Camp'. These cannot be considered in determining the application in accordance with the Licensing Act 2003.
8. 12 public representations were received from members of the public during the consultation period but were rejected as not being relevant. These will remain on file.

History

9. In 2018, the premises held one (1) Temporary Event Notice (TEN) on 1 - 2 September for a maximum of 150 people (including staff/volunteers). The event was for an end of Summer Party and was held between 18:00 – 01:00
10. In 2023, the premises held a TEN for a maximum of 450 people (to include staff/volunteers) on 16-17 September 2023 between 18:00 – 24:00 for a charity fundraiser.
11. On 8 April 2024, a TEN was submitted for an event for a maximum of 499 people (to include staff and volunteers) on 14-16 June 2024 between 12:00 - 04:00 daily. The notice was granted as no representations were received.

NB: Only the Police or Environmental Health can object to a Temporary Event Notice if they consider it will lead to crime and disorder, public nuisance, or a threat to public safety or if there is a risk that children will be harmed.

Community impact

12. Any decision may have an impact on the local community.

Environmental Impact

13. This report is in relation to a premises license under the Licensing Act 2003 and as such there are minimal environmental impacts for the council.

Equality duty

14. Under section 149 of the Equality Act 2010, the 'general duty' on public authorities is set out as follows:

A public authority must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to –

- a) eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under this Act;
 - b) advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it;
 - c) Foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it.
15. There are no equality issues in relation to the content of this report.
 16. This report has human rights implications for both the premises licence holder and the residents from the local neighbourhood. Any of the steps outlined in section 1 of this report may have financial implications for a licensee's business and livelihood and/or may have impact upon the day to day lives of residents living in close proximity to the premises.
 17. Article 8(i) of the European Convention of Human Rights provides that everyone has the right to respect for his/her private and family life and his/her home (which includes business premises). This right may be interfered with by the council on a number of grounds including the protection of rights and freedoms of others. The First Protocol – Article 1 – also provides that every person is entitled to the peaceful enjoyment of his possessions and shall not be deprived of his possessions except in the public interest and conditions provided for by law. Members must accordingly make a decision which is proportionate to the hearing and endeavour to find a balance between the rights of the applicant, residents and the community as a whole.

Resource implications

18. This report is in relation to a premises license under the Licensing Act 2003 and as such there are minimal resource implications for the council.

Financial implications

19. There are unlikely to be any financial implications for the council as licensing authority at this time.

Legal implications

20. As relevant representations have been received, the sub committee must determine the application under Section 3.5.7 (c) of the Herefordshire Council constitution. The representations must relate to the licensing objectives and the sub committee must determine the likely effect of the grant of the premises licences on the promotion of the licensing objectives.
21. The licensing authority must have regard to the promotion of the four licensing objectives namely; the prevention of crime and disorder; public safety; the prevention of public nuisance; and the protection of children from harm in exercising its functions under the Licensing Act 2003. Further regard should be had to the statutory guidance under Section 182 of the Act and the Council's own statement of licensing policy. The options available to the licensing authority are set out in section 1 of this report.
22. The sub committee should be aware of a number of stated cases which have appeared before the Administrative Court and are binding on the Licensing Authority.
23. The case of Daniel Thwaites Plc v Wirral Borough Magistrates' Court (Case No: CO/5533/2006) at the High Court of Justice Queen's Bench Division Administrative Court on 6 May 2008, [2008] EWHC 838 (Admin), 2008 WL 1968943, Before the Honourable Mrs Justice Black. In this case it was summed up that: -
24. A licensing authority must have regard to guidance issued by the Secretary of State under section 182. Licensing authorities may depart from it if they have reason to do so but will need to give full reasons for their actions.
25. Furthermore the Thwaites case established that only conditions should be attached to a licence with a view to promoting the Licensing objectives and that 'real evidence' must be presented to support the reason for imposing these conditions.
26. This judgement is further supported in the case of The Queen on the Application of Bristol Council v Bristol Magistrates' Court, CO/6920/2008 High Court of Justice Queen's Bench Division The Administrative Court, 24 February 2009, [2009] EWHC 625 (Admin) 2009 WL 648859 in which it was said:

'Licensing authorities should only impose conditions which are necessary and proportionate for the promotion for licensing objectives'.
27. In addition to this it was stated that any condition attached to the licence should be an enforceable condition.

Right of Appeal

28. Schedule 5 of the Licensing Act 2003 gives a right of appeal which states:

Schedule 5 Part 1

Rejection of applications relating to premises licences

1 Where a licensing authority—

- (a) rejects an application for a premises licence under section 18,
- (b) rejects (in whole or in part) an application to vary a premises licence under section 35,
- (c) rejects an application to vary a premises licence to specify an individual as the premises supervisor under section 39, or
- (d) rejects an application to transfer a premises licence under section 44,

the applicant may appeal against the decision.

Decision to grant premises licence or impose conditions etc.

2(1) This paragraph applies where a licensing authority grants a premises licence under section 18.

(2) The holder of the licence may appeal against any decision—

- (a) to impose conditions on the licence under subsection (2)(a) or (3)(b) of that section, or
- (b) to take any step mentioned in subsection (4)(b) or (c) of that section (exclusion of licensable activity or refusal to specify person as premises supervisor).

(3) Where a person who made relevant representations in relation to the application desires to contend—

- (a) that the licence ought not to have been granted, or
- (b) that, on granting the licence, the licensing authority ought to have imposed different or additional conditions, or to have taken a step mentioned in subsection (4)(b) or (c) of that section,

he may appeal against the decision.

29. Appeals should be made to the Magistrates Court and must be made within 21 days beginning with the day on which the appellant was notified by the licensing authority of the decision appealed against

Risk management

30. There is little risk associated with the decision at this time as the legislation allows a right of appeal to the Magistrates Court within a period of 21 days of being notified of the decision in writing.

Consultees

31. All responsible authorities and members of the public living within Herefordshire.

Appendices

Appendix 1 – Application Form

Appendix 2 – Trading Standards Representation

Appendix 3 – Public Representations

Background papers

None Identified

Please include a glossary of terms, abbreviations and acronyms used in this report.

TEN – TEMPORARY EVENT NOTICE